Inland Empire Housing Market Overview and Forecast

June 2016







OUTLINE

- MACRO ECONOMIC PERSPECTIVE How financially healthy are today's buyers?
- NEW HOME MARKET SHARE Are we a renter nation?
- REGIONAL AND INLAND EMPIRE OVERVIEW New home snapshot
- CAPITAL OUTLOOK Is foreign demand keeping the market afloat?



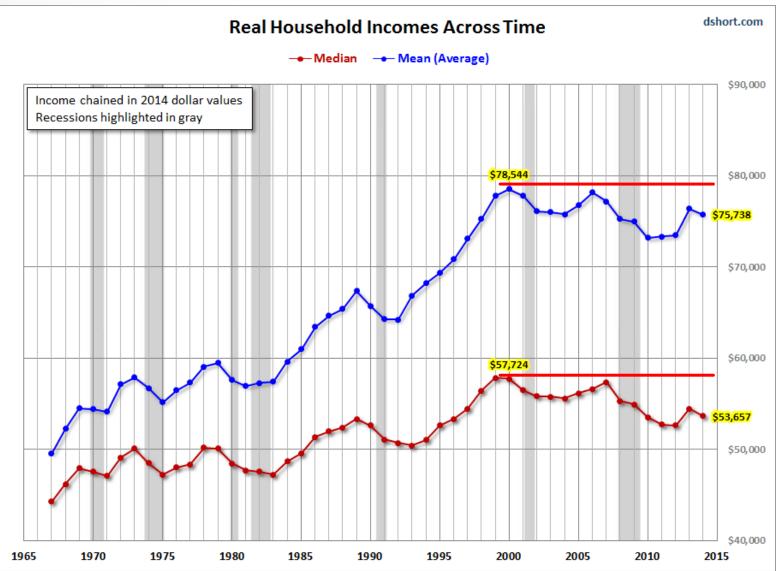


MACRO ECONOMIC PERSPECTIVE



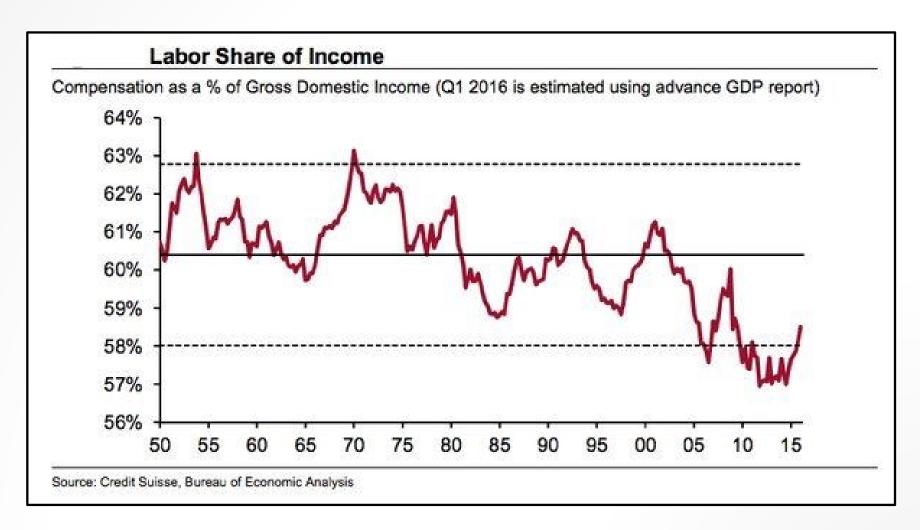
U.S. "Real" Household Incomes





U.S. Wages Are Coming Off Of Generational Lows

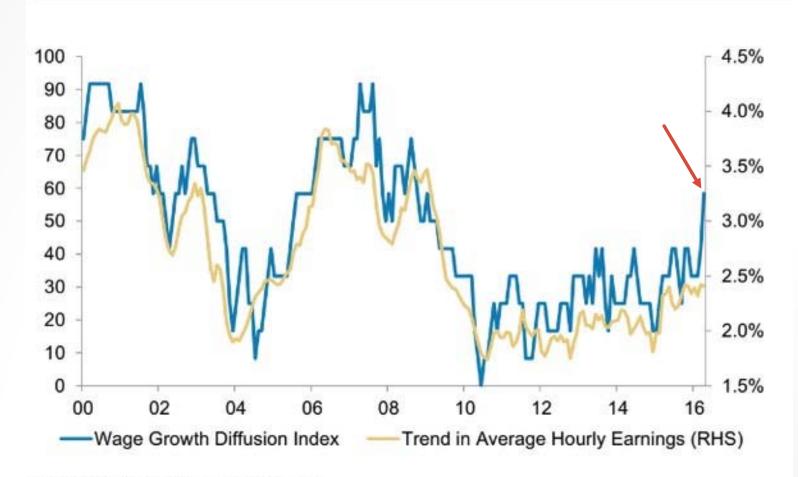




U.S. Wages Are Finally Picking Up



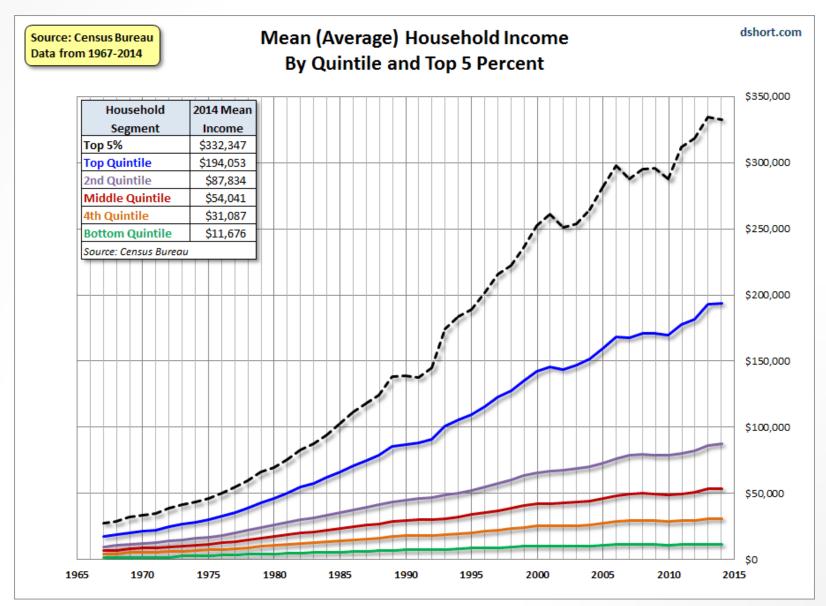
Wage pressures in the US are rising



Source: Haver Analytics, Morgan Stanley Research

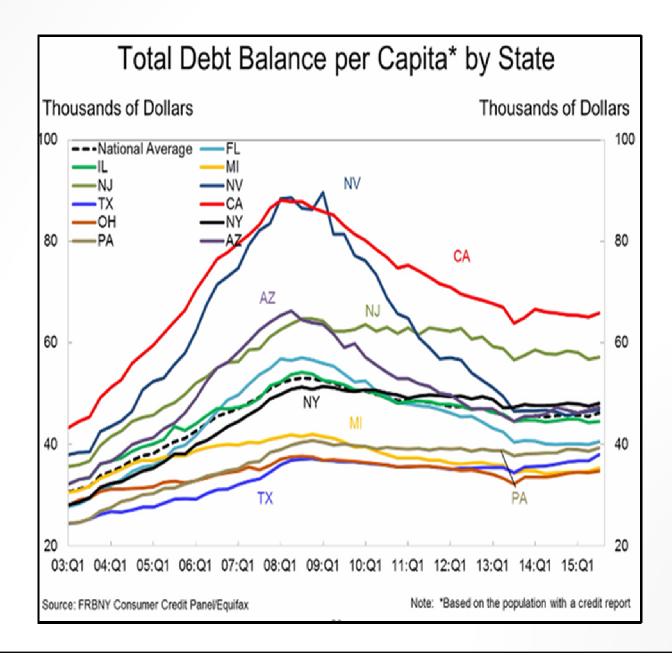
U.S. Household Incomes By Group





Southern Californians Carry More Debt





Southern California Unemployment Trends



SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

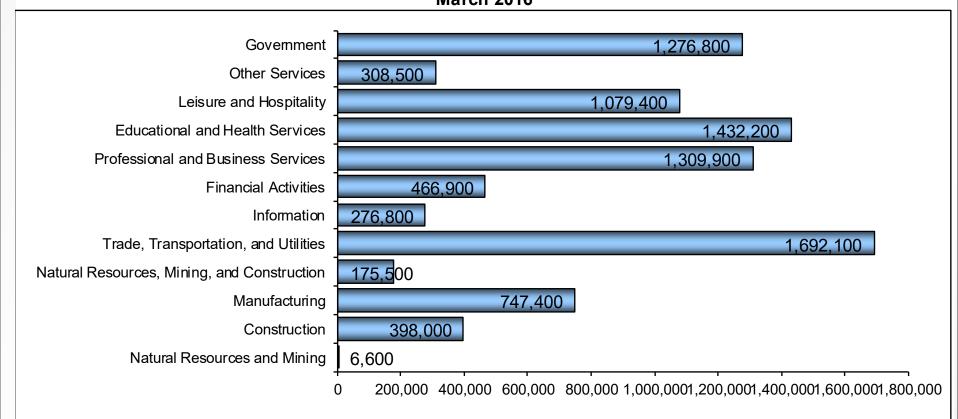
Civilian Unemployment



Southern California Super Sector Employment



Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA, Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA, Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA, San Diego-Carlsbad, CA MSA Employment by Super Sector March 2016



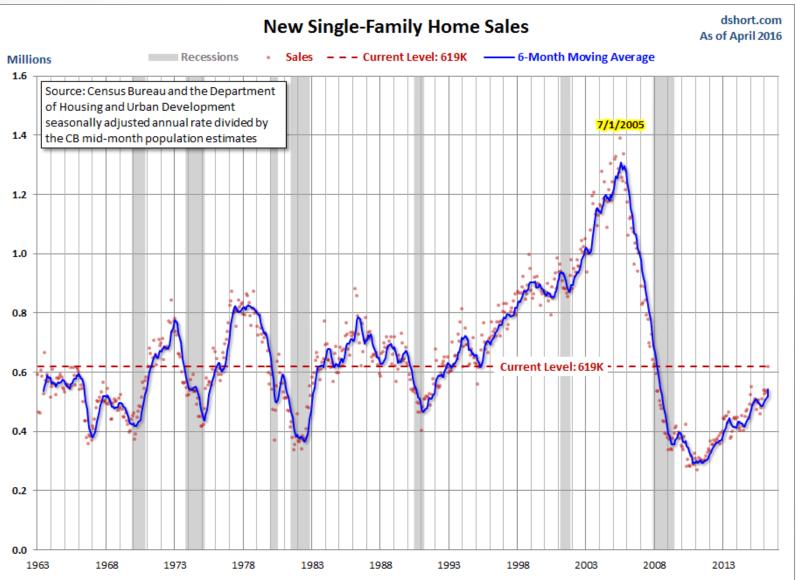


NEW HOME MARKET SHARE



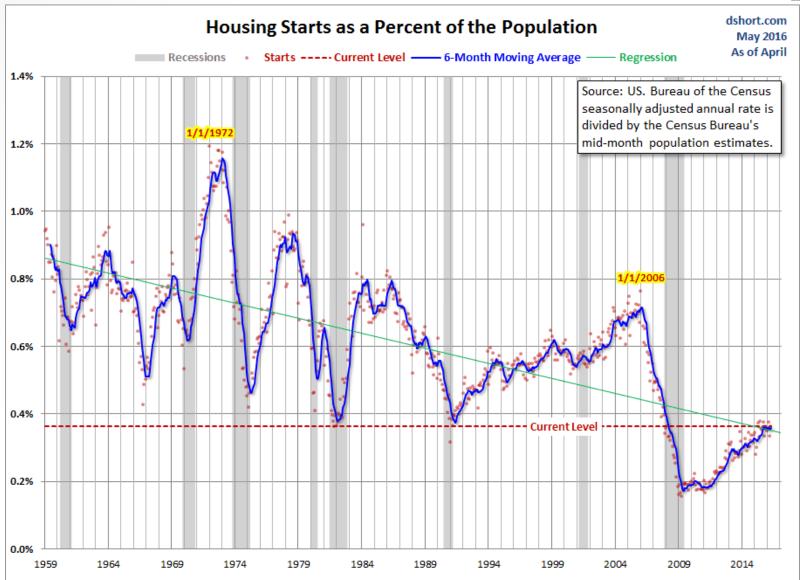
U.S. New Single Family Home Sales





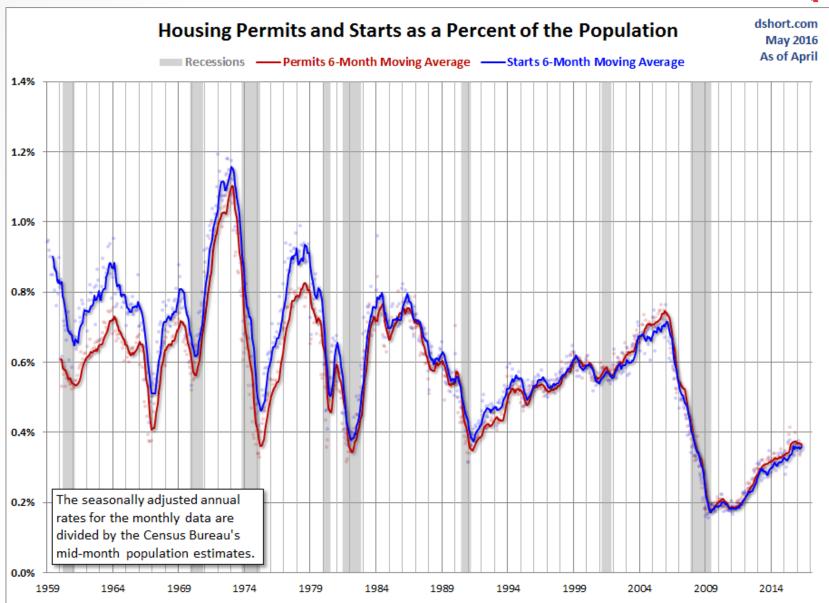
U.S. Housing Starts As A Percent of the Population





Permits and Starts As A Percent of the Population







REGIONAL AND INLAND EMPIRE HOUSING DATA



Southern California Resale Homes



County	2015 Population	TTM Detached Resales	Avg. Detached Resale Price	TTM Attached Resales	Avg. Attached Resale Price
Los Angeles	10,136,559	48,880	\$740,878	19,618	\$524,273
Orange	3,147,655	21,604	\$841,679	10,689	\$536,646
San Diego	3,227,496	23,793	\$649,881	12,594	\$443,524
Riverside	2,308,441	27,224	\$355,770	4,787	\$264,454
San Bernardino	2,104,291	20,861	\$306,315	1,583	\$251,070
Ventura	848,073	6,768	\$658,240	2,615	\$399,577
Southern California Totals	21,772,515	149,130		51,886	
Weighted Average			\$606,121		\$468,632

Prices exclude all foreclosures and trustee sales.

FHA Limit

LA: \$625,500

OC: \$625,500

VEN: \$603,750

IE: \$356,500

SD: \$580,750





Southern California New Homes

County	Active Detached New Home Communities	TTM Detached New Home Sales	Current Avg. Detached New Home Price	Active Attached New Home Communities	TTM Attached New Home Sales	Current Avg. Attached New Home Price
Los Angeles	54	2,025	\$840,153	26	1,628	\$607,223
Orange	86	4,662	\$1,275,697	31	1,852	\$681,579
San Diego	46	1,851	\$949,721	16	811	\$621,455
Riverside	145	5,528	\$527,264	6	307	\$364,407
San Bernardino	71	2,234	\$496,934	10	318	\$422,322
Ventura	11	645	\$721,701	4	192	\$443,415
Southern California Totals	413	16,945		93	5,108	
Weighted Average			\$820,118			\$604,180

FHA Limit

LA: \$625,500

OC: \$625,500

VEN: \$603,750

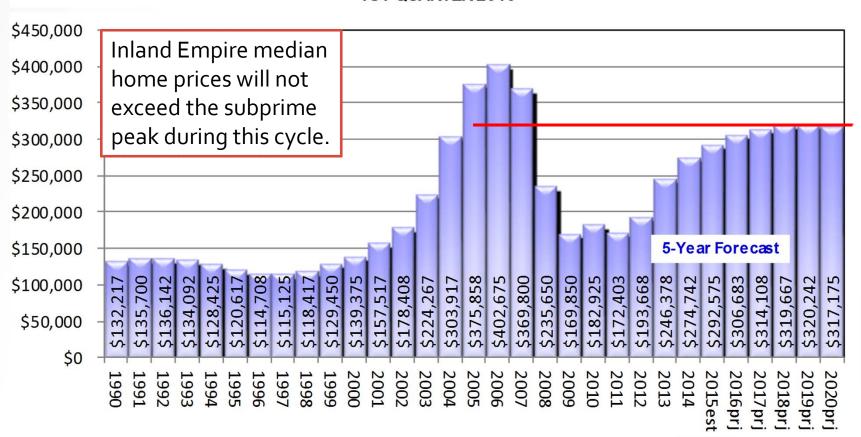
IE: \$356,500

SD: \$580,750

Inland Empire Housing Valuation



MEDIAN ANNUAL HOME PRICE Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA CBSA 1ST QUARTER 2016

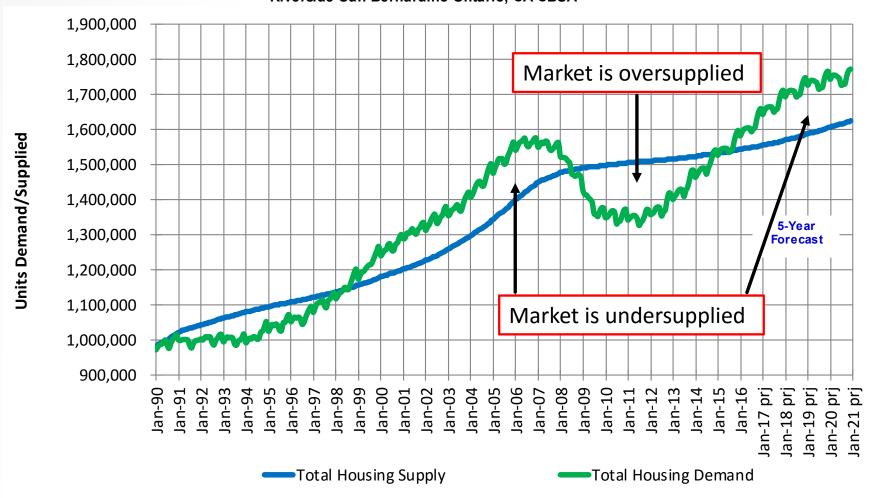


Inland Empire Supply / Demand



HOUSING DEMAND AND SUPPLY PATTERNS

Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA CBSA



Inland Empire Supply / Demand

HOUSING DEMAND/SUPPLY PATTERNS

Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA CBSA 2nd Quarter 2016



	Total	Housing	Housing	Market	t is Under/	
Year	Jobs	Supply	Demand	(Over)	Supplied	
1990	720,400	1,034,050	1,017,518	(16,532)	(1.6%) Overbuilt	
1991	729,533	1,062,508	1,020,300	(42,208)	(4.0%) Overbuilt	
1992	741,367	1,080,267	1,026,703	(53,564)	(5.0%) Overbuilt	
1993	745,125	1,095,025	1,021,936	(73,089)	(6.7%) Overbuilt	Market is oversupplied
1994	760,175	1,108,658	1,032,562	(76,097)	(6.9%) Overbuilt	
1995	789,083	1,120,083	1,061,685	(58,399)	(5.2%) Overbuilt	
1996	812,258	1,130,492	1,082,583	(47,909)	(4.2%) Overbuilt	
1997	850,408	1,141,608	1,122,877	(18,731)	(1.6%) Overbuilt	
1998	891,417	1,155,467	1,166,147	10,681	0.9% Underbuilt	
1999	946,525	1,173,017	1,226,931	53,914	4.6% Underbuilt	
2000	995,008	1,193,267	1,278,113	84,846	7.1% Underbuilt	
2001	1,038,117	1,215,758	1,321,530	105,772	8.7% Underbuilt	
2002	1,074,425	1,244,067	1,355,585	111,518	9.0% Underbuilt	
2003	1,111,983	1,281,367	1,390,610	109,244	8.5% Underbuilt	A Narket is undersupplied
2004	1,175,083	1,325,967	1,456,642	130,675	9.9% Underbuilt	← Market is undersupplied
2005	1,238,783	1,376,983	1,522,319	145,336	10.6% Underbuilt	
2006	1,285,700	1,429,092	1,566,454	137,362	9.6% Underbuilt	
2007	1,290,267	1,467,042	1,558,657	91,615	6.2% Underbuilt	
2008	1,247,667	1,487,275	1,494,502	7,227	0.5% Underbuilt	
2009	1,168,492	1,496,925	1,387,946	(108,979)	(7.3%) Overbuilt	
2010	1,150,258	1,501,796	1,354,891	(146,905)	(9.8%) Overbuilt	
2011	1,154,292	1,504,455	1,348,436	(156,019)	(10.4%) Overbuilt	← Market is oversupplied
2012 2013	1,185,525	1,508,521	1,373,465	(135,056)	(9.0%) Overbuilt	
2013 2014	1,233,450	1,512,324	1,420,434	(91,890)	(6.1%) Overbuilt (2.1%) Overbuilt	
	1,289,442	1,516,936	1,484,426	(32,511)		
2015	1,347,983	1,523,088	1,551,820	28,732	1.9% Underbuilt	
2016est	1,392,035	1,536,001	1,602,533	66,532	4.3% Underbuilt	
2017prj	1,434,342	1,547,595	1,651,237	103,642	6.7% Underbuilt	
2018prj	1,464,638	1,560,432	1,686,114	125,682	8.1% Underbuilt	Market is undersupplied
2019prj	1,489,338	1,574,304	1,714,549	140,245	8.9% Underbuilt	Warket is arraersapplied
2020prj	1,506,979	1,591,746	1,734,858	143,112	9.0% Underbuilt	
2021prj	1,521,171	1,610,938	1,751,196	140,259	8.7% Underbuilt	

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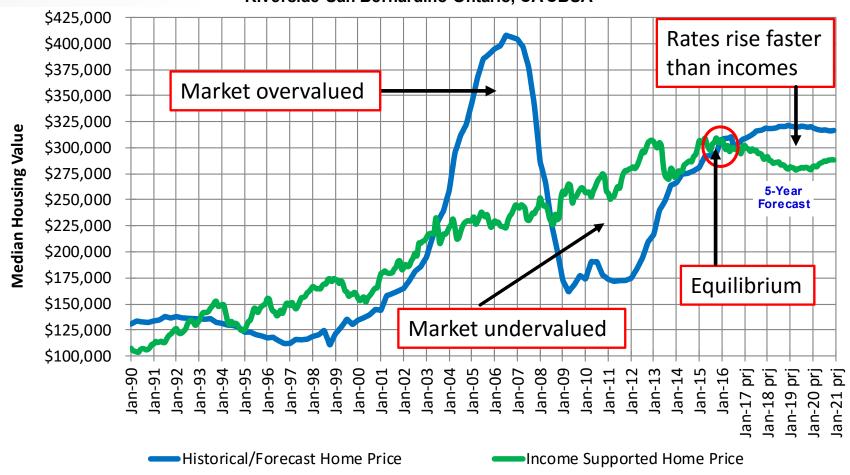
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics; Census Bureau; National Assoc. of Realtors Real Estate Economics

Inland Empire Housing Valuation



HOUSING VALUATION PATTERNS





Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics; Census Bureau; National Assoc. of Realtors; Real Estate Economics www.realestateeconomics.com

Inland Empire Housing Valuation



HOUSING OVER/UNDER VALUATION PATTERNS

Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA CBSA 2nd Quarter 2016

	Average	Equilibrium	30-Yr.	Ann. Mtg.	Equil	Household	Mark	et is Under/		
Year	Home Price	Home Price	Mtg. Rate	Cost	Mtg.Cost	HH Income	(Ove	er) Valued		
1990	\$133,970	\$110,492	10.10%	\$11,382	\$9,387	\$33,279	(\$23,478)	(17.5%) Overvalued	•	
1991	\$137,524	\$117,988	9.29%	\$10,901	\$9,342	\$33,382	(\$19,536)	(14.2%) Overvalued		
1992	\$138,756	\$132,101	8.34%	\$10,093	\$9,604	\$34,593	(\$6,656)	(4.8%) Overvalued		
1993	\$136,403	\$141,933	7.30%	\$8,980	\$9,335	\$33,895	\$5,531	4.1% Undervalued	1	
1994	\$131,545	\$131,746	8.40%	\$9,624	\$9,621	\$35,216	\$201	0.2% Undervalued	_	Market undervalued
1995	\$123,116	\$142,506	7.96%	\$8,642	\$9,971	\$36,797	\$19,390	15.7% Undervalued		iviai ket uiidei vaided
1996	\$117,038	\$148,273	7.85%	\$8,126	\$10,287	\$38,276	\$31,235	26.7% Undervalued		
1997	\$117,188	\$153,379	7.62%	\$7,958	\$10,405	\$39,038	\$36,191	30.9% Undervalued		
1998	\$118,685	\$167,806	6.93%	\$7,527	\$10,640	\$40,251	\$49,121	41.4% Undervalued		
1999	\$127,133	\$167,398	7.42%	\$8,464	\$11,130	\$42,462	\$40,265	31.7% Undervalued		
2000	\$137,349	\$159,670	7.98%	\$9,656	\$11,218	\$43,164	\$22,321	16.3% Undervalued		
2001	\$153,023	\$176,891	6.96%	\$9,736	\$11,253	\$43,668	\$23,868	15.6% Undervalued		
2002	\$174,686	\$186,514	6.56%	\$10,663	\$11,369	\$44,502	\$11,829	6.8% Undervalued		
2003	\$213,673	\$205,064	5.81%	\$12,052	\$11,566	\$45,668	(\$8,609)	(4.0%) Overvalued	_	
2004	\$289,984	\$209,437	5.84%	\$16,396	\$11,841	\$47,167	(\$80,547)	(27.8%) Overvalued		NA - I - I ' I I
2005	\$357,323	\$219,712	5.87%	\$20,284	\$12,473	\$50,127	(\$137,610)	(38.5%) Overvalued	•	Market is overvalued
2006	\$383,802	\$216,640	6.45%	\$23,170	\$13,075	\$53,020	(\$167,161)	(43.6%) Overvalued	L	
2007	\$356,898	\$233,006	6.33%	\$21,278	\$13,888	\$56,826	(\$123,892)	(34.7%) Overvalued		
2008	\$233,163	\$241,454	6.02%	\$13,448	\$13,916	\$57,463	\$8,291	3.6% Undervalued		
2009	\$157,991	\$256,110	5.01%	\$8,149	\$13,208	\$55,043	\$98,120	62.1% Undervalued		
2010	\$174,305	\$253,738	4.71%	\$8,686	\$12,636	\$53,149	\$79,433	45.6% Undervalued		
2011	\$168,357	\$254,579	4.47%	\$8,158	\$12,322	\$52,316	\$86,221	51.2% Undervalued	←	Market undervalued
2012	\$183,881	\$279,962	3.65%	\$8,072	\$12,283	\$52,651	\$96,081	52.3% Undervalued	ì	Warket anaci varaca
2013	\$233,127	\$273,646	3.94%	\$10,607	\$12,433	\$53,531	\$40,519	17.4% Undervalued		
2014	\$263,482	\$271,663	4.17%	\$12,328	\$12,703	\$54,695	\$8,181	3.1% Undervalued		
2015	\$280,821	\$290,326	3.80%	\$12,557	\$12,980	\$55,885	\$9,505	3.4% Undervalued		
2016prj	\$290,436	\$290,398	4.02%	\$13,337	\$13,332	\$57,400	(\$38)	(0.0%) Overvalued		
2017prj	\$293,855	\$284,164	4.48%	\$14,267	\$13,793	\$59,388	(\$9,691)	(3.3%) Overvalued	←	Market overvalued
2018prj	\$299,857	\$274,200	5.12%	\$15,667	\$14,322	\$61,665	(\$25,657)	(8.6%) Overvalued		ivial ket ovel valueu
2019prj	\$304,383	\$269,734	5.59%	\$16,758	\$14,848	\$63,930	(\$34,649)	(11.4%) Overvalued		
2020prj	\$303,901	\$275,060	5.73%	\$16,982	\$15,370	\$66,178	(\$28,841)	(9.5%) Overvalued		
2021prj	\$301,673	\$283,628	5.72%	\$16,847	\$15,839	\$68,195	(\$18,045)	(6.0%) Overvalued		
Source: Bur	eau of Labor S	Statistics: Cer	isus Rurea	u: National	Assoc of	Realtors: Rea	I Estate Eco	nomics		

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics; Census Bureau; National Assoc. of Realtors; Real Estate Economics www.realestateeconomics.com

Inland Empire New Home Market Trends Detached Homes Only (No deserts)



	QUARTERLY MARKET STATISTICS FROM THE 2ND QUARTER OF THE LAST NINE YEARS								
Category	2008 Q2	2009 Q2	2010 Q2	2011 Q2	2012 Q2	2013 Q2	2014 Q2	2015 Q2	2016 Q2
No. of Active Developments	389	264	150	129	137	118	124	170	184
Average of Base Prices	\$426,635	\$358,270	\$340,402	\$334,646	\$330,979	\$353,554	\$399,200	\$420,981	\$447,408
Incentive as a % of Base Price	3.9%	3.6%	2.4%	2.8%	2.4%	1.8%	1.8%	1.7%	1.7%
Average of Unit Sizes (Square Footage)	2,901 sf	2,835 sf	2,721 sf	2,587 sf	2,564 sf	2,545 sf	2,625 sf	2,666 sf	2,697 sf
Average Price Per Square Foot	\$147	\$126	\$125	\$129	\$129	\$139	\$152	\$158	\$166
Average Monthly Sales Rate Per Dev.	1.7/mo	1.5/mo	1.7/mo	1.4/mo	1.3/mo	2.3/mo	2.7/mo	3.3/mo	3.2/mo
Total Inventory	17,991 du	10,069 du	4,180 du	4,998 du	5,267 du	3,415 du	4,266 du	7,888 du	7,065 du
Months of Total Inventory	27.8 mos.	25.0 mos.	16.5 mos.	28.0 mos.	28.6 mos.	12.6 mos.	12.6 mos.	14.1 mos.	11.9 mos.

Inland Empire New Home Market Trends Attached Homes Only (No deserts)



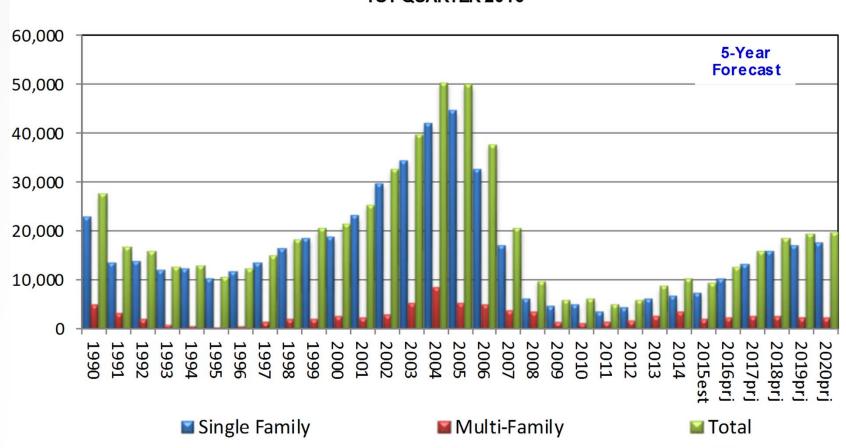
	QUARTERLY MARKET STATISTICS FROM THE 2ND QUARTER OF THE LAST NINE YEARS								
Category	2008 Q2	2009 Q2	2010 Q2	2011 Q2	2012 Q2	2013 Q2	2014 Q2	2015 Q2	2016 Q2
No. of Active Developments	33	25	15	4	9	6	7	13	15
Average of Base Prices	\$299,632	\$265,701	\$260,020	\$224,144	\$246,601	\$282,530	\$346,476	\$350,251	\$370,220
Incentive as a % of Base Price	4.1%	4.0%	3.9%	4.0%	3.7%	3.1%	2.3%	1.8%	1.7%
Average of Unit Sizes (Square Footage)	1,550 sf	1,571 sf	1,584 sf	1,433 sf	1,536 sf	1,559 sf	1,670 sf	1,658 sf	1,668 sf
Average Price Per Square Foot	\$193	\$169	\$164	\$156	\$161	\$181	\$208	\$211	\$222
Average Monthly Sales Rate Per Dev.	1.7/mo	2.2/mo	2.4/mo	1.8/mo	1.2/mo	1.8/mo	2.7/mo	3.4/mo	3.8/mo
Total Inventory	2,085 du	1,193 du	292 du	192 du	479 du	206 du	177 du	573 du	823 du
Months of Total Inventory	37.8 mos.	21.8 mos.	8.0 mos.	26.1 mos.	43.0 mos.	18.9 mos.	9.5 mos.	13.0 mos.	14.5 mos.

Inland Empire Building Permit Trends



ANNUAL RESIDENTIAL PERMIT ACTIVITY

Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA CBSA 1ST QUARTER 2016



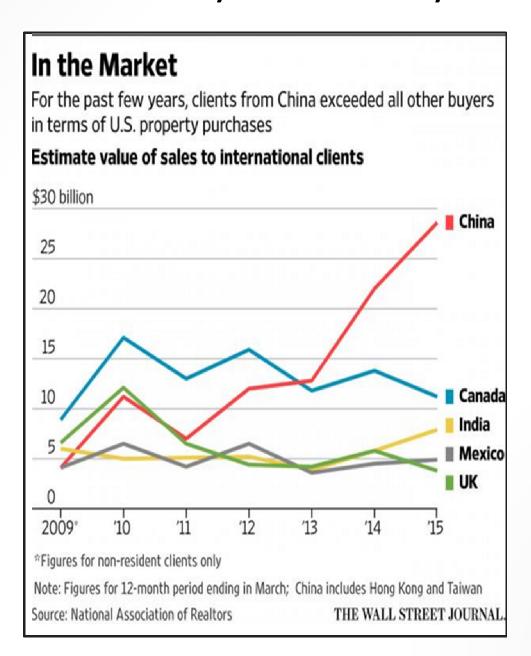


CAPITAL OUTLOOK



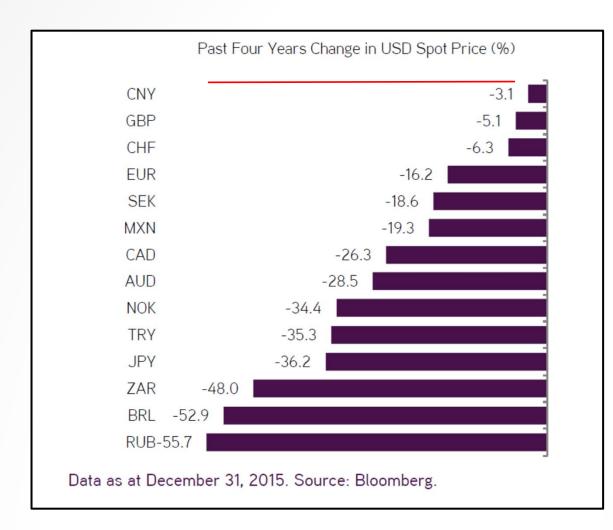
Southern California Attracts Many International Buyers





U.S. Dollar Has Strengthened





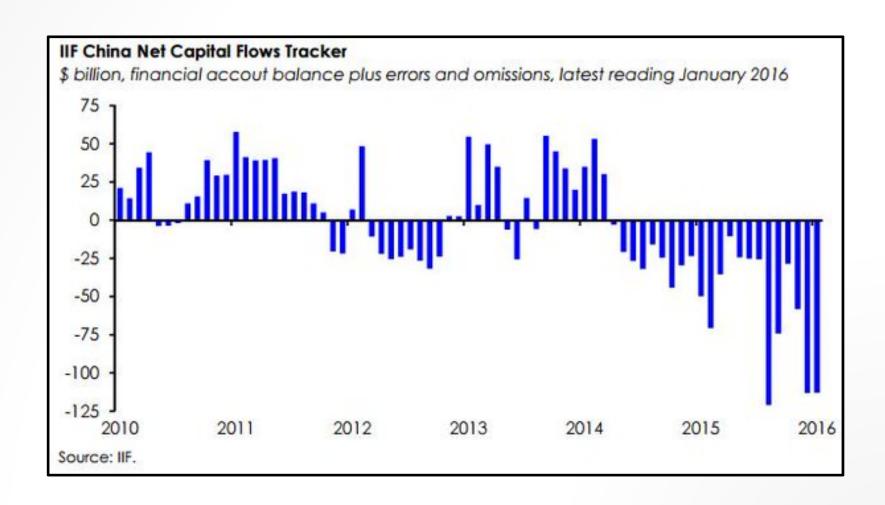
The U.S. dollar has strengthened in recent years as the U.S. economy has rebounded.

Investors buy strengthening currencies and sell weakening currencies.

Foreign currencies have weakened as other countries try to reduce the cost of their exported goods to support their domestic industries.

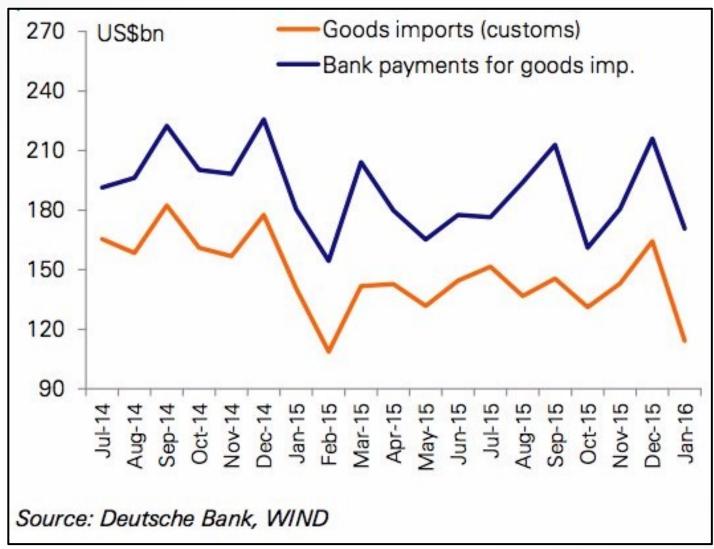
Increasing Capital Flows Out of China





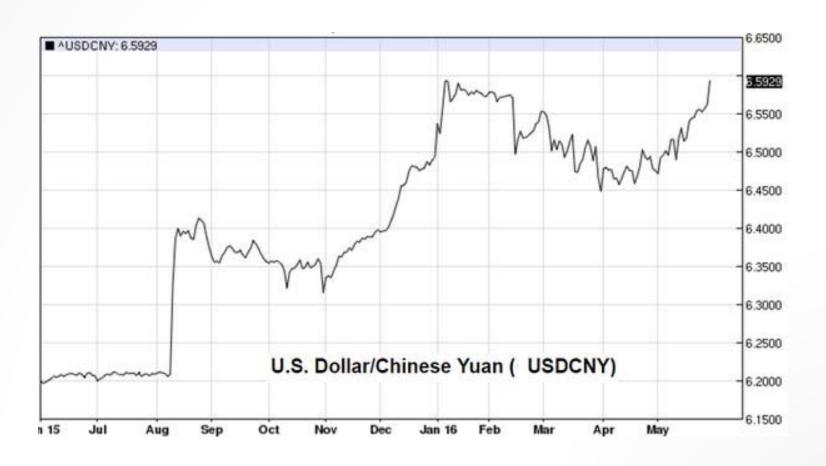
Increasing Capital Flows Out of China





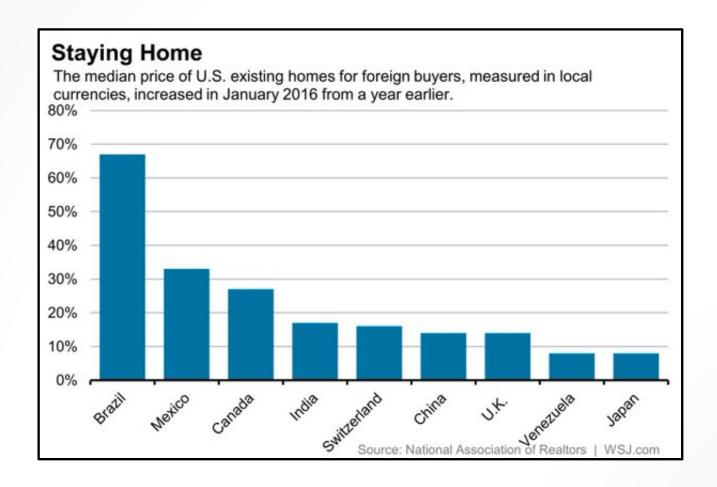
Chinese Yuan Depreciation Leads To Accelerating Outflows





A Stronger U.S. Dollar Makes U.S. Housing More Expensive





California's Public Financial Condition Is Uncertain



- General Fund expenditures leapt from \$86 billion in 2011 to \$122 billion for 2016.
- A voter approved sales tax increase expires at the end of 2016.
- Underperformance in the stock market and a slowdown in the IPO market will reduce income tax receipts which comprise 25% of state tax receipts. The top 1% of taxpayers pay half of all state income taxes.
- California pension program costs have increased 70% since 2011 to \$8.1 billion.
- California's Medicare / Obamacare costs are \$2.7 billion for 2016 with the Federal Government paying another \$20 billion, California's share will rise over time.
- A \$15 per hour minimum wage costs an additional \$3.4 billion for state workers.
- Moody's Investor Service ranked California last (tied with Illinois) for recession preparedness.

Key Takeaways for 2016



- 1. "Real" income (after inflation) is not growing fast enough to allow middle income households to save for a down payment and buy a home. As a result, new home market share is FAR below historical levels and supply is concentrated in move-up price ranges.
- 2. California had a longer and deeper recession than the Nation due to employment concentrations in construction, subprime lending and agriculture. Southern California is still catching up, the City of Los Angeles and the Inland Empire are finally in growth mode.
- 3. High land prices, municipal fees and other impediments to new construction are preventing the market from adding supply in affordable price ranges.
- 4. At present, there is no "go to" buyer profile. Builders should offer designs that appeal to cohorts that are financially capable, provide designs that appeal to multiple cohorts (Next Gen) or cover multiple groups in different floor plans.

Thank you for your attention.

Please direct all questions and inquiries to:

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